#### Standard-GB3552-2018 of P.R. Of China

#### Discharge Standard for water pollutants from Ship GB3552-2018

1. Scope of application

The standard stipulates the control requirements and testing requirements for the pollutant discharge from the oily and domestic sewage of the ship, the requirements for the control of the discharge of toxic liquid substances and the discharge of marine waste, as well as the implementation and supervision of the standard.

This standard is applicable to the field of People's Republic of China and other sea areas under jurisdiction, and the ships are supervised and managed by ships to discharge oily sewage, domestic sewage, sewage containing toxic liquid substances and ship garbage to the environmental water body. This standard does not apply to temporary emissions necessary for the safety of ships or for the safety of life on the water.

This standard applies to pollutants emitted by law. The management of the discharge of marine pollutants in inland rivers and other special protected areas is in accordance with the law of the People's Republic of China environmental protection law, the law on the prevention and control of water pollution of the People's Republic of China, the law on the protection of the marine environment of the People's Republic of China, the regulations on the control of the environmental management of the marine pollution of the sea by the prevention and control of the marine pollution by the People's Republic of China The specific provisions on the prohibition of dumping of garbage, the prohibition of the discharge of toxic liquid substances, the prohibition of pollutant discharge in the protected area of drinking water, the prevention of overflow and leakage of Shipborne goods, etc.

- 2. Standard reference files (omission)
- 3. Glosary and definitions (omission)
- 4. Ccontrol requirements for the discharge of oily sewage
- 4.1 Discharge control requirements for oily sewage from ships shall be carried out in accordance with table 1.

| Pollutants Type | Waters | Ship category                       | Requirement  |
|-----------------|--------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Engine room     | Inland | A ship built before January 1, 2021 | Implemented or collected and discharged into receiving facilities according to |
| Sludge, residue | Waters |                                     | this standard 4.2 since July 1, 2018.  |

| Coastal       400 gross tonnage and above       Implemented or collected and discharged into receiving facilities according to this standard 4.2 since July 1, 2018.         Less than 400 gross tonnage       Non fishing vessel       Implemented or collected and discharged into receiving facilities according to this standard 4.2 since July 1, 2018.         Innage       Vessel       (1) From July 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020, carry out this standard (2) Implemented or collected and discharged into receiving facilities according to this standard 4.2 since July 1, 2021.         slops       Inland Waters       All type of tankers       Collect and dispose to reception facilities since July 1, 2018         coastal       Tanker with 150 GT and above       Since July 1, 2018, collect and dispose waste into the receiption facilities or discharged during ship navigation under the conditions:         (1) the oil tanker is more than 50 nautical miles away from the nearest shore       (2) the instantaneous discharge rate of oily water discharged into the sea does not exceed 1/30000 of the total volume of cargo oil.         (4) the oil discharge monitoring system works properly.       (4) the oil discharge monitoring system works properly. |        |         | A ship built after Janu         | ary 1, 2021    | Collect and put in the receiving facility                                       |
|--|--------|---------|---------------------------------|----------------|---|
| slops       Inland<br>Waters       All type of tankers       Non fishing<br>vessel       Implemented or collected and discharged into receiving facilities according to<br>this standard 4.2 since July 1, 2018.         slops       Inland<br>Waters       All type of tankers       Collect and dispose to reception facilities since July 1, 2018         coastal       Tanker with 150 GT and above       Since July 1, 2018, collect and dispose waste into the receiption facilities or<br>discharged during ship navigation under the conditions:<br>(1) the oil tanker is more than 50 nautical miles.         (3) the amount of oily water discharged into the sea does not exceed 1/30000<br>of the total volume of cargo oil.<br>(4) the oil discharge monitoring system works properly.  |        | Coastal | *                               |                |   |
| tonnage       vessel       this standard 4.2 since July 1, 2018.         Fishing boat       (1) From July 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020, carry out this standard         (2) Implemented or collected and discharged into receiving facilities according to this standard 4.2 since July 1, 2021.         slops       Inland         Waters       Collect and dispose to reception facilities since July 1, 2018         coastal       Tanker with 150 GT and above         Since July 1, 2018, collect and dispose waste into the receiption facilities or discharged during ship navigation under the conditions:         (1) the oil tanker is more than 50 nautical miles away from the nearest shore         (2) the instantaneous discharge rate of oily water discharged into the sea does not exceed 1/30000 of the total volume of cargo oil.         (4) the oil discharge monitoring system works properly.  |        | Coustai | 0                               |                |   |
| Fishing boat       (1) From July 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020, carry out this standard         (2) Implemented or collected and discharged into receiving facilities according to this standard 4.2 since July 1, 2021.         slops       Inland         Waters       Collect and dispose to reception facilities since July 1, 2018         coastal       Tanker with 150 GT and above         Since July 1, 2018, collect and dispose waste into the receiption facilities or discharged during ship navigation under the conditions:         (1) the oil tanker is more than 50 nautical miles away from the nearest shore         (2) the instantaneous discharge rate of oily water discharged into the sea does not exceed 1/30000 of the total volume of cargo oil.         (4) the oil discharge monitoring system works properly.   |        |         | Less than 400 gross Non fishing |                | Implemented or collected and discharged into receiving facilities according to  |
| (2) Implemented or collected and discharged into receiving facilities according to this standard 4.2 since July 1, 2021.         slops       Inland<br>Waters         coastal       All type of tankers         coastal       Tanker with 150 GT and above         Since July 1, 2018       Since July 1, 2018 collect and dispose waste into the receiption facilities or discharged during ship navigation under the conditions:         (1) the oil tanker is more than 50 nautical miles away from the nearest shore         (2) the instantaneous discharge rate of oily water discharged into the sea doe not exceed 30 liters / nautical miles.         (3) the amount of oily water discharged into the sea does not exceed 1/30000 of the total volume of cargo oil.         (4) the oil discharge monitoring system works properly.  |        |         | tonnage                         | vessel         | this standard 4.2 since July 1, 2018.   |
| according to this standard 4.2 since July 1, 2021.         slops       Inland<br>Waters         coastal       All type of tankers         coastal       Tanker with 150 GT and above         Since July 1, 2018, collect and dispose waste into the receiption facilities or<br>discharged during ship navigation under the conditions:         (1) the oil tanker is more than 50 nautical miles away from the nearest shore         (2) the instantaneous discharge rate of oily water discharged into the sea doe<br>not exceed 30 liters / nautical miles.         (3) the amount of oily water discharged into the sea does not exceed 1/30000<br>of the total volume of cargo oil.         (4) the oil discharge monitoring system works properly.   |        |         |                                 | Fishing boat   | (1) From July 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020, carry out this standard             |
| slops       Inland<br>Waters       All type of tankers       Collect and dispose to reception facilities since July 1, 2018         coastal       Tanker with 150 GT and above       Since July 1, 2018 collect and dispose waste into the receiption facilities or<br>discharged during ship navigation under the conditions: <ul> <li>(1) the oil tanker is more than 50 nautical miles away from the nearest shore</li> <li>(2) the instantaneous discharge rate of oily water discharged into the sea doe<br/>not exceed 30 liters / nautical miles.</li> <li>(3) the amount of oily water discharged into the sea does not exceed 1/30000<br/>of the total volume of cargo oil.</li> <li>(4) the oil discharge monitoring system works properly.</li> </ul>   |        |         |                                 |                | (2) Implemented or collected and discharged into receiving facilities           |
| Waters       Tanker with 150 GT and above       Since July 1, 2018 collect and dispose waste into the receiption facilities or discharged during ship navigation under the conditions:         (1) the oil tanker is more than 50 nautical miles away from the nearest shore       (2) the instantaneous discharge rate of oily water discharged into the sea doe not exceed 30 liters / nautical miles.         (3) the amount of oily water discharged into the sea does not exceed 1/30000 of the total volume of cargo oil.       (4) the oil discharge monitoring system works properly.  |        |         |                                 |                | according to this standard 4.2 since July 1, 2021.                              |
| coastalTanker with 150 GT and aboveSince July 1, 2018, collect and dispose waste into the receiption facilities or<br>discharged during ship navigation under the conditions:<br>(1) the oil tanker is more than 50 nautical miles away from the nearest shore<br>(2) the instantaneous discharge rate of oily water discharged into the sea doe<br>not exceed 30 liters / nautical miles.<br>(3) the amount of oily water discharged into the sea does not exceed 1/30000<br>of the total volume of cargo oil.<br>(4) the oil discharge monitoring system works properly.   | slops  | Inland  | All type of tankers             |                | Collect and dispose to reception facilities since July 1, 2018                  |
| <ul> <li>discharged during ship navigation under the conditions:</li> <li>(1) the oil tanker is more than 50 nautical miles away from the nearest shore</li> <li>(2) the instantaneous discharge rate of oily water discharged into the sea doe not exceed 30 liters / nautical miles.</li> <li>(3) the amount of oily water discharged into the sea does not exceed 1/30000 of the total volume of cargo oil.</li> <li>(4) the oil discharge monitoring system works properly.</li> </ul>   | Waters |         |                                 | $(, 0 \cdot)'$ |   |
| <ul> <li>(1) the oil tanker is more than 50 nautical miles away from the nearest shore</li> <li>(2) the instantaneous discharge rate of oily water discharged into the sea doe not exceed 30 liters / nautical miles.</li> <li>(3) the amount of oily water discharged into the sea does not exceed 1/30000 of the total volume of cargo oil.</li> <li>(4) the oil discharge monitoring system works properly.</li> </ul>  |        | coastal | Tanker with 150 GT and above    |                | Since July 1, 2018, collect and dispose waste into the receiption facilities or |
| <ul> <li>(2) the instantaneous discharge rate of oily water discharged into the sea doe not exceed 30 liters / nautical miles.</li> <li>(3) the amount of oily water discharged into the sea does not exceed 1/30000 of the total volume of cargo oil.</li> <li>(4) the oil discharge monitoring system works properly.</li> </ul>   |        |         |                                 |                | discharged during ship navigation under the conditions:                         |
| not exceed 30 liters / nautical miles.<br>(3) the amount of oily water discharged into the sea does not exceed 1/30000<br>of the total volume of cargo oil.<br>(4) the oil discharge monitoring system works properly.   |        |         |                                 |                | (1) the oil tanker is more than 50 nautical miles away from the nearest shore   |
|  |        |         |                                 | 10             | (2) the instantaneous discharge rate of oily water discharged into the sea does |
|  |        |         |                                 | hw             | not exceed 30 liters / nautical miles.  |
|  |        | 4181 (  |                                 | 110            | (3) the amount of oily water discharged into the sea does not exceed 1/30000    |
|  |        |         |                                 |                | of the total volume of cargo oil.   |
| GT loss from 150 Collect and dispose to recontion facilities since July 1, 2019  |        |         |                                 |                | (4) the oil discharge monitoring system works properly.                         |
| Conect and dispose to reception facilities since July 1, 2018  |        |         |                                 |                | Collect and dispose to reception facilities since July 1, 2018                  |

4.2 The sludge discharge control table of the mechanical premises shall be implemented according to the provisions of Table 2, and the discharge shall be carried out in the course of vessel navigation.

Table 2 discharge limits of pollutants from machinery sludge, residue

| Pollutants       | Limits | Monitoring position of pollutant discharge        |
|------------------|--------|---|
| Petroleum (mg/l) | 15     | Water outlet of oil polluted water treatment unit |

- 5 Control requirements for sewage discharge
- 5.1 From July 1, 2018, ship with GT equal to 400 and above, and ship with capacity of 15 passengers and above, shall respectively meet the requirement of 5.1.1 and 5.1.2.
- 5.1.1 At inland waters and coast waters less than 3 nautical miles from the nearest shore, sewage shall be treated as per below mention, it is forbidden to directly dispose to environment water body.
  - a) Dispose to the facilities by using onboard collection devices.
  - b) Use the sewage treatment plant to meet the specified requirements and then discharge during the voyage.
- 5.1.2 At coast waters further than 3 nautical miles from the nearest shore, sewage pollutant discharge shall meet the control standard of table 3. Table 3 Control requirement for sewage discharge at coast waters further than 3 nautical miles from the nearest shore

| Waters 16   | Control requirement  |
|---|--|
| 3Nautical miles $<$ distance from the nearest shore $< = 12$ Nautical miles | Both requirement shall be satisfied:                               |
| hWO   | (1) the use of equipment to break solids and discharge after       |
| 11181   | disinfection   |
|   | (2) ship speed is not less than 4 knots, and the discharge rate of |
| tal.  | sewage does not exceed the maximum allowable discharge             |
| angle   | speed under the corresponding speed.                               |
| distance from the nearest shore >12 Nautical miles                          | The ship speed is not less than 4 knots, and the discharge rate of |
|   | sewage does not exceed the maximum allowable emission rate of      |
|   | the corresponding ship speed.                                      |

5.2 In the inland waters and within 3 nautical miles (containing) of the nearest land, according to the ship category and the time of the installation (containing replacement) sewage treatment equipment, the corresponding pollutant discharge limits of the marine sewage treated by the marine sewage treatment device are carried out respectively

5.2.1 Ships installed (including replacement) of domestic sewage treatment plants before January 1, 2012, dispose sewage to environment water body shall meet the control standard of swage discharge-Table 4.

| No | Pollutants Items                        | Limits | Monitoring position of pollutant discharge     |
|----|---|--------|--|
| 1  | BOD <sub>5</sub> (mg/L)                 | 50     | Water outlet of domestic sewage treatment unit |
| 2  | Suspended matter (SS) (mg/L)            | 150    | - 2.   |
| 3  | Heat resistant coliform group (Piece/L) | 2500   | Litor  |

Table 4 The limit of pollutant discharge of marine sewage. (i)

5.2.2 Ships installed (including replacement) of domestic sewage treatment plants after January 1, 2012, dispose sewage to environment water body shall meet the control standard of swage discharge-Table 5 (except the ships shall meet the requirement of 5.2.3)

| Table 5 The limit of | pollutant discharge of marine | sewage. (ii) 🐧 |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
|                      |                               |                |

| No | Pollutants Items                        | Limits | Monitoring position of pollutant discharge     |
|----|---|--------|--|
| 1  | BOD <sub>5</sub> (mg/L)                 | 25     | Water outlet of domestic sewage treatment unit |
| 2  | Suspended matter (SS) (mg/L)            | 35     |  |
| 3  | Heat resistant coliform group (Piece/L) | 1000   |  |
| 4  | CODcr (mg/L)                            | 125    |  |
| 5  | PH (Dimensionless)                      | 6-8.5  |  |
| 6  | Total ehlorine (mg/L)                   | <0.5   |  |

5.2.3 Passenger Ships installed (including replacement) of domestic sewage treatment plants after January 1, 2021, dispose sewage to inland waters shall meet the control standard of swage discharge-Table 6

| No | Pollutants Items                        | Limits | Monitoring position of pollutant discharge     |
|----|---|--------|--|
| 1  | BOD <sub>5</sub> (mg/L)                 | 20     | Water outlet of domestic sewage treatment unit |
| 2  | Suspended matter (SS) (mg/L)            | 20     |  |
| 3  | Heat resistant coliform group (Piece/L) | 1000   |  |
| 4  | CODcr (mg/L)                            | 60     | - 2.   |
| 5  | PH (Dimensionless)                      | 6-8.5  |  |
| 6  | Total chlorine (mg/L)                   | <0.5   |  |
| 7  | total nitrogen (mg/L)                   | 20 (0  |  |
| 8  | ammonia nitrogen (mg/L)                 | 15/19  |  |
| 9  | total phosphorus (mg/L)                 | 1.9    |  |
|    | 00                                      |        |  |

5.2.4 Ships installed (including replacement) of domestic sewage treatment plants after January 1, 2016, If the domestic sewage treatment process is diluted due to process requirements, etc. Five day biochemical pollutants, suspended solids, chemical oxygen demand, total nitrogen, ammonia nitrogen, total phosphorus concentration of water pollutants shall meet the below requirement. The number of heat tolerant coliform bacteria, pH value and total chlorine (total residual chlorine) are still measured as concentration of water pollutants.

$$P = Q_6 / Q_i * P_{\text{g}} \quad ( \overrightarrow{\mathbf{T}} \underbrace{\mathbf{1}} ) ) \land \overset{\circ}{\mathbf{1}}$$

P-Concentration of water pollutants, (mg/L);

 $P_{\mbox{\scriptsize $\infty$-}}Measured \mbox{ concentration of water pollutants, (mg/L);}$ 

Qi—Refers to the discharge of domestic sewage entering the domestic sewage treatment plant,  $M^3/D$ 

- 5.3 In the drinking water source protection area, no domestic sewage can be discharged, and the control measures shall be recorded according to the regulations.
- 6 sewage discharge control requirements containing toxic liquid substances
- 6.1 The discharge of sewage containing toxic liquid substances on the coast shall be carried out according to table 7.

Table7 discharge control requirements for toxic liquid substances

|   | A  |
|---|--|
| The sewage contains any of the following toxic liquid substances. | Emission control requirements  |
| (1) X substances  | If the pre washing has no exemption, the ship should be pre washed     |
| (2) high viscosity or solidified substance in Y material          | according to the prescribed procedures before leaving the port of      |
| (3) Y substances that have not been discharged according to the   | discharge, and the pre washed water should be discharged into the      |
| prescribed procedures   | receiving facilities. Among them, the X material should be pre         |
| (4) Z substances that have not been discharged according to the   | washed to the concentration less than or equal to $0.1\%$ (mass        |
| prescribed procedures $\chi \subseteq$                            | percentage). After the concentration has reached the requirement, the  |
| 0000  | remaining sewage in the cabin should be discharged into the            |
| hwo   | receiving facility until the cabin is emptied. After pre washing, the  |
| 11181   | effluent discharged into the cabin with toxic liquid substances is     |
|   | discharged according to 6.2 of this standard.                          |
| (1) Y substances that have been discharged according to the       | According to 6.2 of this standard, the pollutant water discharge of a  |
| prescribed procedures   | ship built before January 1, 2007, containing Z or temporarily call Z, |
| (2) Z substances that have been discharged according to the       | may be exempted from the discharge of the discharge at the outlet of   |
| prescribed procedures   | the water line below the waterline in 6.2C).                           |

- 6.2 the discharge of a ship in the coastal area is discharged according to the prescribed procedure, and the discharge of sewage containing toxic liquid substances shall meet the following conditions at the same time:
  - a) Discharged at the sea area with a depth of not less than 25 meters and away from the nearest land 12 nautical miles (including).

- b) discharged during ship navigation, the speed of self propelled ship is not less than 7 knots, and the speed of non self propelled ships is not less than 4 knots.
- c) discharge below the waterline through underwater outlet, and the emission rate should not exceed the maximum design speed.
- 7 Requirements for control of ship garbage discharge
- 7.1 Inland rivers are forbidden to dump ships' garbage. In the area where discharge is allowed, the corresponding discharge control requirements shall be carried out according to the category of the garbage and the nature of the sea area.
- 7.1.2 In any area, plastic waste, waste edible oil, living waste, incinerator ash, abandoned fishing gear and electronic waste shall be collected and discharged into the receiving facilities.
- 7.1.3 shall be collected and discharged into the receiving facilities for food wastes within 3 nautical miles (containing) of the nearest land; in the nearest land of 3 miles to 12 nautical miles (containing), it is comminuted or ground to a diameter of less than 25 millimeters in diameter; it can be discharged in the sea area beyond the nearest land of 12 nautical miles.
- 7.1.4 shall be collected and discharged into the receiving facilities for the cargo residues within 12 nautical miles (containing) of the nearest land; in the waters beyond the nearest land of 12 nautical miles, the residue of goods without hazardous marine environment substances can be discharged.
- 7.1.5 within 12 nautical miles of the nearest land (containing), should be collected and discharged into the receiving facilities for the animal body, the animal body can be discharged in the waters outside the nearest land of 12 nautical miles.
- 7.1.6 Cleaning water for cargo, deck and outer surface in any sea area, the cleaners or additives contained in the water are not discharged from the substances that harm the marine environment; other operating wastes should be collected and discharged into the receiving facilities.
- 7.1.7 In any sea area, the discharge control of mixed garbage of different types of ship garbage should satisfy the discharge control requirements of each class of ship garbage at the same time.
- 8 Monitoring requirements
- 8.1 Sampling of oily water and domestic sewage in ship's machinery premises shall be carried out according to JT/T409.
- 8.2 The determination of pollutants in oily water and domestic sewage in marine machinery premises adopts the method standard listed in Table 8.
- 8.3 The monitoring data of pollutant emission monitoring locations are used as the basis for judging whether the emission behavior is up to standard or not.

Table 8 standard for determination of pollutants in oily water and domestic sewage in machinery premises

| No. | Pollutants Items   | Standard name of monitoring method   | Standard number |
|-----|--|--|-----------------|
| 1   | CODcr  | Water Quality/Determination of chemical oxygen demand/ Dichromate method   | HJ828           |
| 2   | BOD <sub>5</sub>   | Water Quality/ Determination of BOD5/ Dilution and inoculation   | HJ505           |
| 3   | Suspended matter (SS)  | Water Quality/ Determination of Suspended matter/ gravimetric method   | GB11901         |
| 4   | Heat resistant coliform group Standard Test Method for drinking water/ Microbiological index |  | GB/T5750.12     |
|     |  | Water Quality/ Determination of fecal coliform/ Multi tube fermentation and filter membrane method (Trial)                           | HJ/T 347        |
|     |  | Water quality inspection method for marine sewage treatment/ Part one: Test of heat coliform bacteria                                | GB/T 3328.1     |
| 5   | РН   | Water Quality/ Determination of pH value/ Glass electrode method   | GB6920          |
| 6   | Petroleum  | Water quality inspection method for marine sewage treatment/ Fifth part: Test<br>Method for oil content in water                     | GB/T3328.5      |
| 7   | Total chlorine   | Standard Test Method for drinking water/ Disinfectant index  | GB/T5750.11     |
|     |  | Water Quality/ Determination of free chlorine and total chlorine/ N,N- Two<br>ethyl -1, 4-benzyl two amine titration                 | HJ585           |
|     |  | Water Quality/Determination of free chlorine and total chlorine/ N,N- Two<br>ethyl -1, 4- Benzyl two amine spectrophotometric method | HJ586           |
| 8   | total nitrogen (mg/L)  | Water Quality/ Determination of total nitrogen/ Meteorological molecular absorption spectrometry                                     | HJ/T 199        |
|     | Sha  | Water Quality/ Determination of total nitrogen/ Potassium persulfate digestion<br>ultraviolet spectrophotometric method              | HJ636           |
| 9   | ammonia nitrogen (mg/L)  | Water Quality/ Determination of ammonia nitrogen / Meteorological molecular absorption spectrometry                                  | HJ/T 195        |
|     |  | Water Quality/ Determination of ammonia nitrogen /Nnshi reagent spectrophotometric method  | HJ535           |

|    |                         | Water Quality/ Determination of ammonia nitrogen/ Salicylic acid               | HJ536    |
|----|-------------------------|--|----------|
|    |                         | spectrophotometric method  |          |
|    |                         | Water Quality/ Determination of ammonia nitrogen / Distillation neutralization | HJ537    |
|    |                         | titration  |          |
|    |                         | Water Quality/ Determination of ammonia nitrogen/ Continuous flow salicylic    | HJ665    |
|    |                         | acid spectrophotometric method   |          |
|    |                         | Water Quality/ Determination of ammonia nitrogen/ Flow injection - salicylic   | HJ666    |
|    |                         | acid spectrophotometric method   |          |
| 10 | total phosphorus (mg/L) | Water Quality/ Determination of total phosphorus/ Ammonium molybdate           | GB 11893 |
|    |                         | spectrophotometric method  |          |

- implementation and supervision 9
- 9.1 The competent department of environmental protection under the State Council shall be responsible for guiding, coordinating and supervising the implementation of this standard.
- 9.2 the maritime administrative departments of the state and the state fisheries authorities shall, in accordance with the laws and regulations and the present standards, supervise and manage the discharge of water pollutants from various types of ships.

#### **Category of ship garbage**

| (   | Category of ship garbag   | je   |  |
|-----|---------------------------|--|--|
| A   | A.1 Category of ship garl | page hat   |  |
| No. | Category                  | statement  |  |
| А   | Plastic waste             | Solid waste containing or containing any form of plastic, including incineration ashes of synthetic cables, synthetic  |  |
|     |                           | fishing nets, plastic garbage bags and plastic products.   |  |
| В   | food waste                | Deteriorated or unspoiled food on board, including fruits, vegetables, dairy products, poultry, meat products and food |  |
|     |                           | residues.  |  |
| С   | Living waste              | All kinds of waste generated from the living quarters of the ship do not include domestic sewage and ash water         |  |
|     |                           | (dishwashing water, bathing water, laundry water, bath water and wash water)   |  |

| D   | Waste edible oil      | Any edible oil or animal fat that is used or intended to be used for cooking or cooking food, but excludes food cooked |
|-----|-----------------------|--|
|     |                       | with the above oil.  |
| E   | Waste incinerator ash | Ash and slag produced by incinerator used for refuse incineration.   |
| F   | Operating waste       | The solid waste (including mud) used to store and load and unload the goods during the normal maintenance or           |
|     |                       | operation of the ship, including the cleaning agent and additive contained in the cargo tank washing water and the     |
|     |                       | external cleaning water, does not include the similar emissions necessary for the grey water, the bottom water or the  |
|     |                       | ship's operation.  |
| J/K | Cargo residue         | Residual goods left on deck or cabin after loading and unloading, including overloading or overflowing, whether it is  |
|     |                       | in a wet or dry condition or mixed in the washing water. Cargo residue does not include dust or dust on the outer deck |
|     |                       | of the cleaned deck.   |
| G   | Animal corpse         | Animal carcasses as cargo carried by ships and killed in navigation.   |
| Н   | Abandoned fishing     | Abandonment of fishing gear includes a combination of physical equipment or part of its components that are placed     |
|     | gear                  | in water, water or seabed for catching aquatic organisms.  |
| Ι   | Electronic waste      | Discarded electronic cards, small electrical appliances, electronic equipment, computers, printer cartridges ect.      |